# Urban Myths ABOUT LEARNING AND EDUCATION







But the Emperor has

Hans Christian Anderson,

The Emperor's New Clothes

nothing on at all!

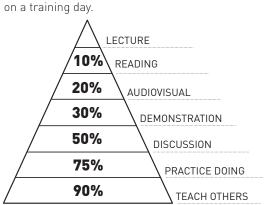
Many teachers do good work, but all too often on the basis of incorrect theories.

Pedro De Bruyckere, Paul Kirschner & Casper Hulshof

## Introduction

Pedro De Bruyckere is a teacher trainer who was alarmed when, one day, he was confronted by a student teacher about a diagram he was using. It was the learning pyramid that showed the percentage of material learned when using different methods and media.

You know the one. We've all been presented it at some stage



So perturbed was Pedro, that as soon as his lecture ended, he started to research its origin. He eventually landed at businessman Edgar Dale who invented it in 1946. Later on, in the late 1960s, it was adopted by the National Training Laboratories. None of its content is valid. It was a fabrication. And believed ever since.

From then on, Pedro, along with Paul Kirschener and Carl Hulshof, set about researching which topics were myths. The result is this wonderful book.

## REFERENCES

De Bruyckere, P, Kirschner, P. A. & Hulshof, C, D (2015)

Urban Myths about Learning & Education, Academic Press, London ISBN: 978-0-12-801537-7



No amount of belief makes something a fact.

James Randi, stage magician and scientific skeptic

## The Myths

# Myths about Learning

01: Learning styles

02: Learning pyramid

03: Learn 70% from informal

04: Knowledge is unimportant

05: Knowledge doesn't keep

06: Discovery learning is best

07: Problem learning is best

08: Boys are better at Maths

09: Mulitple intelligences

10: Our memory if perfect

11: School kills creativity

12: 93% of communication is non-verbal

## Neuro Myths

13: We are good multitaskers

14: We only use 10% of our brain

15: Left/right brain differences

16: Brain Gym works

17: Different gender brains

18: Learn while asleep

19: Classical music helps

20: Being under pressure helps

## Myths about EdTech.

21: ICT, a revolution in learning

22: Use the internet because...

23: Digital natives

24: Internet makes us dumber

25: Young people don't read

26: Games make you violent

27: Computers help the poor

# Myths in Educational Policy

28: Comparing countries

29: Class size doesn't matter

30: Larger schools are better

31: Single sex is better

32: Male teachers better for boys

33: Holding back a year is good

34: More money is better

35: Education never changes.

# **Selected Myths**

Here are a few myths I've chosen as they've been the focus of so much derision after having been central to the educational belief systems of managers, inspectors and teachers.

## Learning Styles

Seemingly common sense and obvious, learning styles has been debunked by a wide range of researchers. See leading cognitive scientist, Daniel Willingham, on the subject at www.youtube.com/watch?v=slv9rz2NTUk

## Knowledge is Unimportant

There was a growing belief that with the advent of Google, you no longer needed to have a body of knowledge — it could just be looked up. But you can't look up effectively unless you know something about it first. Knowledge is the base of everything. Even reading comprehension is dependent on it, however great one's powers of inference.

## Schools Kill Creativity

Everybody loves to hear Sir Ken Robinson humourously slate schools for being dull prisons for the mind. What is somewhat less well known is that he builds his entire case based on research from the 1960s into brainstorming, exploring the uses of a paper clip. Really. He goes on to equate creativity with genious, ascribing that state to all children. Again false. Plenty of spin; no substance or verity.

## Don't be Fooled Again

Teachers need no longer be fooled by these myths and those who peddle them. Buy this book, read it cover to cover and spread the word. Be professional, be informed, be armed.



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